What Is IPEDS?

The Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) is a system of survey components that collects data from about 7,500 institutions that provide postsecondary education across the United States. IPEDS collects institution-level data on students (enrollment and graduation rates), student charges, program completions, faculty, staff, and finances.

These data are used at the federal and state level for policy analysis and development; at the institutional level for benchmarking and peer analysis; and by students and parents, through the College Navigator (http://collegenavigator.ed.gov), to aid in the college search process. For more information about IPEDS, see http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

What Is the Purpose of This Report?

The Data Feedback Report is intended to provide institutions a context for examining the data they submitted to IPEDS. Our goal is to produce a report that is useful to institutional executives and that may help improve the quality and comparability of IPEDS data.

What Is in This Report?

The figures provided in this report are those suggested by the IPEDS Technical Review Panel. They were developed to provide selected indicators and data elements for your institution and a comparison group of institutions. The figures are based on data collected during the 2012-13 IPEDS collection cycle and are the most recent data available. Additional information about these indicators is provided in the Methodological Notes at the end of the report. On the next page is a list of the institutions in your comparison group and the criteria used for their selection. Please refer to "Comparison Group" in the Methodological Notes for more information.

Where Can I Do More with IPEDS Data?

The Customize Data Feedback Report functionality of the IPEDS Data Center is designed to provide campus executives easy access to institutional and comparison group data. Using this functionality, you can produce reports using different comparison groups and access a wider range of IPEDS variables. The Data Center can be accessed at http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/datacenter.
Comparison group data are included to provide a context for interpreting your institution’s statistics. For this report, you specified a custom comparison group.

You described this custom comparison group as follows: College of the Sequoias

The custom comparison group chosen by College of the Sequoias includes the following 34 institutions:

- Allan Hancock College (Santa Maria, CA)
- Amarillo College (Amarillo, TX)
- Brookhaven College (Farmers Branch, TX)
- Cabrillo College (Aptos, CA)
- Central Oregon Community College (Bend, OR)
- Chabot College (Hayward, CA)
- Chandler/Gilbert Community College (Chandler, AZ)
- Citrus College (Glendora, CA)
- Community College of Denver (Denver, CO)
- Cosumnes River College (Sacramento, CA)
- Cuesta College (San Luis Obispo, CA)
- Eastfield College (Mesquite, TX)
- Edmonds Community College (Lynnwood, WA)
- Golden West College (Huntington Beach, CA)
- Green River Community College (Auburn, WA)
- Irvine Valley College (Irvine, CA)
- Lane Community College (Eugene, OR)
- Laney College (Oakland, CA)
- Los Angeles Trade Technical College (Los Angeles, CA)
- McLennan Community College (Waco, TX)
- Merced College (Merced, CA)
- Navarro College (Corsicana, TX)
- North Lake College (Irving, TX)
- Phoenix College (Phoenix, AZ)
- Red Rocks Community College (Lakewood, CO)
- San Bernardino Valley College (San Bernardino, CA)
- San Diego Miramar College (San Diego, CA)
- Solano Community College (Fairfield, CA)
- South Plains College (Levelland, TX)
- Spokane Community College (Spokane, WA)
- St Philip's College (San Antonio, TX)
- Truckee Meadows Community College (Reno, NV)
- Victor Valley College (Victorville, CA)
- West Valley College (Saratoga, CA)
Figure 1. Percent of all students enrolled, by race/ethnicity and percent of students who are women: Fall 2012

![Bar chart with 10 groups with 2 items per group. X scale titled Scale label. Y scale titled Percent. Group ... Median (N=34) ShapeComparisonGroupLegendLine1, Label: ShapeComparisonGroupLegendLine2, Label: End of image description.]

NOTE: For more information about disaggregation of data by race and ethnicity, please see the Methodological Notes at the end of this report. Median values for the comparison group will not add to 100 percent. See “Use of Median Values for Comparison Group” in the Methodological Notes at the end of this report for how median values are determined. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.


Figure 2. Unduplicated 12-month headcount (2011-12), total FTE enrollment (2011-12), and full- and part-time fall enrollment (Fall 2012)

![Student enrollment chart.]

NOTE: For details on calculating full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment, see Calculating FTE in the Methodological Notes at the end of this report. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.


Figure 3. Number of students completing a degree/certificate, by level: 2011-12

![Number of students completing a degree/certificate chart.]

NOTE: N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.

**Figure 4.** Academic year tuition and required fees for full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates: 2009-10–2012-13

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Academic year</th>
<th>2012-13</th>
<th>2011-12</th>
<th>2010-11</th>
<th>2009-10</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$1,380</td>
<td>$1,350</td>
<td>$1,230</td>
<td>$500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$6,768</td>
<td>$6,200</td>
<td>$5,043</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 5.** Average net price of attendance for full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students receiving grant or scholarship aid: 2009-10–2011-12

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Academic year</th>
<th>2011-12</th>
<th>2010-11</th>
<th>2009-10</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$7,456</td>
<td>$7,606</td>
<td>$7,090</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$4,620</td>
<td>$4,786</td>
<td>$4,110</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 6.** Percent of full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students who received grant or scholarship aid from the federal government, state/local government, or the institution, or loans, by type of aid: 2011-12

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of aid</th>
<th>Your institution</th>
<th>Comparison Group Median (N=34)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Any grant aid</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal grants</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pell grants</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State/local grants</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institutional grants</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any loans</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federal loans</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other loans</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 7.** Average amounts of grant or scholarship aid from the federal government, state/local government, or the institution, or loans received, by full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students, by type of aid: 2011-12

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of aid</th>
<th>Any grant aid (N=34)</th>
<th>Federal grants (N=34)</th>
<th>Pell grants (N=34)</th>
<th>State/local grants (N=33)</th>
<th>Institutional grants (N=22)</th>
<th>Any loans (N=32)</th>
<th>Federal loans (N=32)</th>
<th>Other loans (N=4)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$4,786</td>
<td>$4,620</td>
<td>$4,147</td>
<td>$4,110</td>
<td>$4,110</td>
<td>$920</td>
<td>$5,024</td>
<td>$5,043</td>
<td>$6,768</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** The tuition and required fees shown here are the lowest reported from the categories of in-district, in-state, and out-of-state. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.


**NOTE:** Average net price is for full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students and is generated by subtracting the average amount of federal, state/local government, and institutional grant and scholarship aid from the total cost of attendance. For public institutions, this includes only students who paid the in-state or in-district tuition rate. Total cost of attendance is the sum of published tuition and required fees, books and supplies, and the average room and board and other expenses. For more information, see the Methodological Notes at the end of this report. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.


**NOTE:** Any grant aid above includes grant or scholarship aid from the federal government, state/local government, or the institution. Federal grants includes Pell grants and other federal grants. Any loans includes federal loans and other loans to students. For details on how students are counted for financial aid reporting, see Cohort Determination in the Methodological Notes at the end of this report. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.

Figure 8. Percent of all undergraduates receiving aid by type of aid: 2011-12

Figure 9. Average amount of aid received by all undergraduates, by type of aid: 2011-12

Figure 10. Graduation rate and transfer-out rate (2009 cohort); comparison group as a percent of total entering students, and retention rates of first-time students (Fall 2012)

Figure 11. Graduation rates of full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates within normal time, and 150% and 200% of normal time to completion: 2008 cohort
Figure 12. Full-time equivalent staff, by occupational category: Fall 2012

Figure 13. Average salaries of full-time instructional non-medical staff equated to 9-month contracts, by academic rank: Academic year 2012-13

Figure 14. Percent distribution of core revenues, by source: Fiscal year 2012

Figure 15. Core revenues per FTE enrollment, by source: Fiscal year 2012

Note: Graduate assistants are not included in this figure. For information on the calculation of FTE of staff, see the Methodological Notes. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.


Note: Average salaries of full-time instructional non-medical staff equated to 9-month contracts was calculated by multiplying the average monthly salary by 9. The average monthly salary was calculated by dividing the total salary outlays by the total number of months covered by staff on 9, 10, 11 and 12-month contracts. Medians are not reported for comparison groups with less than three values.


Note: The comparison group median is based on those members of the comparison group that report finance data using the same accounting standards as the comparison institution. For a detailed definition of core revenues, see the Methodological Notes. N is the number of institutions in the comparison group.


Overview

This report is based on data supplied by institutions to IPEDS during the 2012-13 data collection year. Response rates exceeded 99 percent for most surveys. Detailed response tables are included in IPEDS First Look reports, which can be found at http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/getpubcats.asp?sid=010.

Use of Median Values for Comparison Group

The value for the comparison institution is compared to the median value for the comparison group for each statistic included in the figure. If more than one statistic is presented in a figure, the median values are determined separately for each indicator or statistic. Medians are not reported for comparison groups with less than three values. Where percentage distributions are presented, median values may not add to 100 percent. The IPEDS Data Center provides access to all of the data used to create the figures included in this report.

Missing Statistics

If a statistic is not reported for your institution, the omission indicates that the statistic is not relevant to your institution and the data were not collected. Not all notes listed below may be applicable to your report.

Use of Imputed Data

All IPEDS data are subject to imputation for total (institutional) and partial (item) nonresponse. If necessary, imputed values were used to prepare your report.

Data Confidentiality

IPEDS data are not collected under a pledge of confidentiality.

Disaggregation of Data by Race/Ethnicity

When applicable, some statistics are disaggregated by race/ethnicity. Data disaggregated by race/ethnicity have been reported using the 1997 Office of Management and Budget categories. Detailed information about the race/ethnicity categories can be found at http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/reic/resource.asp.

Cohort Determination for Reporting Student Financial Aid and Graduation Rates

Student cohorts for reporting Student Financial Aid and Graduation Rates data are based on the reporting type of the institution. For institutions that report based on an academic year (those operating on standard academic terms), student counts and cohorts are based on fall term data. Student counts and cohorts for program reporters (those that do not operate on standard academic terms) are based on unduplicated counts of students enrolled during a full 12-month period.
**Endowment Assets**

Endowment assets, for public institutions under GASB standards, and private, not-for-profit institutions under FASB standards, include gross investments of endowment funds, term endowment funds, and funds functioning as endowment for the institution and any of its foundations and other affiliated organizations. Private, for-profit institutions under FASB do not hold or report endowment assets.

**Equate instructional Non-Medical Staff Salaries**

Institutions reported total salary outlays by academic rank and the number of staff by academic rank and contract length (9-, 10-, 11-, and 12-month contracts). Total number of months covered by salary outlays was calculated by multiplying the number of staff by the number of months of the contract and summing across all contracts length periods. Weighted average monthly salary was calculated by dividing the total salary outlays by the total number of months covered. The weighted average monthly salary was then multiplied by 9 to determine an average salary for each rank.

**FTE Enrollment**

The full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment used in this report is the sum of the institution's FTE undergraduate enrollment and FTE graduate enrollment (as calculated from or reported on the 12-month Enrollment component). Undergraduate and graduate FTE are estimated using 12-month instructional activity (credit and/or contact hours). See "Calculation of FTE Students (using instructional activity)" in the IPEDS Glossary at [http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/glossary/](http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/glossary/).

**FTE Staff**

The full-time-equivalent (FTE) of staff is calculated by summing the total number of full-time staff and adding one-third of the total number of part-time staff. Graduate assistants are not included.

**Graduation Rates and Transfer-out Rate**

Graduation rates are those developed to satisfy the requirements of the Student Right-to-Know and Higher Education Opportunity Acts and are defined as the total number of individuals from a given cohort of full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates who completed a degree or certificate within a given percent of normal time (for the degree or certificate) before the ending status date of August 31, 2012, divided by the entire cohort of full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates minus any allowable exclusions. Institutions are permitted to exclude from the initial cohort students who died or were totally and permanently disabled; those who left school to serve in the armed forces or were called to active duty; those who left to serve with a foreign aid service. Transfer-out rate is the total number of students from the cohort who are known to have transferred out of the reporting institution within the same time period, divided by the same adjusted cohort. Only institutions with a mission that includes preparing students to transfer are required to report transfers out.

**Retention Rates**

Full-time retention rates are defined as the number of full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students who enter the institution for the first time in the fall and who return to the same institution the following fall (as either full- or part-time), divided by the total number of full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates in the fall of first entrance. Part-time retention rates are similarly defined. For 4-year institutions offering a bachelor's degree, this rate is reported only for those first-time students seeking a bachelor's degree. For less than 4-year institutions, the rate is calculated for all first-time degree/certificate-seeking students.

**Salaries, Wages, and Benefits**

Salaries, wages, and benefits, for public institutions under GASB standards, and private, not-for-profit institutions under FASB standards, include amounts paid as compensation for services to all employees regardless of the duration of service, and amounts made to or on behalf of an individual over and above that received in the form of a salary or wage. Frequently, benefits are associated with an insurance payment. Private, for-profit institutions under FASB standards do not report salaries.

**Student-to-Faculty Ratio**

The guidance provided to institutions for calculating their student-to-faculty ratio is as follows: the number of FTE students (using Fall Enrollment data) divided by the total FTE instructional staff (using the total Primarily instruction + Instruction/research/public service staff reported on the EAP section of the Human Resources component and adding any not primarily instructional staff that are teaching a credit course). For this calculation, FTE for students is equal to the number of full-time students plus one-third the number of part-time students; FTE for instructional staff is similarly calculated. Students enrolled in "stand-alone" graduate or professional programs (such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, or public health) and instructional staff teaching in these programs are excluded from the FTE calculations.

**Total Entering Undergraduate Students**

Total entering students are students at the undergraduate level, both full- and part-time, new to the institution in the fall term (or the prior summer term who returned in the fall). This includes all first-time undergraduate students, students transferring into the institution at the undergraduate level, and nondegree/certificate-seeking undergraduates entering in the fall. Only degree-granting, academic year reporting institutions provide total entering student data.

**Tuition and Required Fees**

Tuition is defined as the amount of money charged to students for instructional services; required fees are those fixed sum charges to students for items not covered by tuition that are required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does not pay the charge is an exception. The amounts used in this report are for full-time, first-time, degree/certificate-seeking undergraduates and are those used by the financial aid office to determine need. For institutions that have differential tuition rates for in-district or in-state students, the lowest tuition rate is used in the figure. Only institutions that operate on standard academic terms will have tuition figures included in their report.

**Additional Methodological Information**

IPEDS data are not collected under a pledge of confidentiality. Additional methodological information on the IPEDS components can be found in the publications available at [http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/getpubcats.asp?sid=010](http://nces.ed.gov/pubsearch/getpubcats.asp?sid=010). Additional definitions of variables used in this report can be found in the IPEDS online glossary available at [http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/glossary/](http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/glossary/).