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INTRODUCTION

The College of the Sequoias 2013 Resource Allocation Manual provides a detailed description of the process used by the College of the Sequoias Community College District (hereafter referred to as the District) to allocate resources.

This manual describes the following components of the District’s resource allocation processes:

- Sources of revenue;
- Categories of expenditures;
- Base budget development process;
- Above-base resource allocation process;
- Links between resource allocations and planning;
- Processes for assessing the effectiveness of resource allocations;
- Evaluation of resource allocation processes;
- Purpose and membership of the Budget Committee;
- A reference list of Board Policies and Administrative Policies pertaining to budget development and resource allocations.

This manual has been written and posted on the District’s intranet in order to make the District’s resource allocation processes available to all campus constituencies. In addition, the Vice President of Administrative Services will schedule annual meetings at each campus during the spring budget development period to communicate the District’s anticipated budget for the ensuing year. Since this step will be repeated each year, the information presented to campus constituencies will also detail any changes made to the resource allocation processes that occur as a result of the Budget Committee’s evaluations and assessments of resource allocation processes described in this manual.

In addition to the description of the District’s resource allocation model provided in this manual, a general overview of the resource allocation model is included in the College of the Sequoias 2013 Integrated Planning Manual.
SOURCES OF REVENUE

Unrestricted General Funds
By far the majority of the District’s revenue is from state apportionment. For example, this source of revenue accounts for 93% of the revenue in the 2013-2014 adopted budget.

State apportionment is calculated based on the amount of earned Full Time Equivalent Students (FTES). An FTES is the equivalent of one student taking 30 units a year (15 units a semester). An FTES is calculated using the number of lecture units x 17.5 weekly student contact hours (WSCH) per unit x number of students = total WSCH for the class. 525 SCH = 1 FTES.

The state sends the calculated amount of revenue directly to the District minus two other state allocations and two amounts that are collected locally:

- Education Protection Act allocation – Proposition 30 state funding
- Redevelopment Agency allocation – which is considered a “backfill” amount for state funding
- Property taxes collected by the county and proportionately distributed by the county to the District
- Student enrollment fees collected by the District.

The second category of District revenue, miscellaneous income, constitutes 7% of the revenue in the 2013-2014 adopted budget. This income is allocated to the District from approximately 65 different fund sources. The largest of these smaller fund sources are as follows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source of Funds</th>
<th>% of 2013-2014 adopted budget</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lottery</td>
<td>2.72%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-resident fees</td>
<td>1.04%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mandated costs reimbursement</td>
<td>0.49%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest earned</td>
<td>0.46%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2% enrollment fee</td>
<td>0.40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facilities rental</td>
<td>0.34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library GoPrints</td>
<td>0.13%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Restricted Funds
Some revenue received by the District is allocated based on specific guidelines and the use of those funds is limited by state or federal guidelines. For example, the amount of EOPS funds allocated to a district is contingent on the number of enrolled students who match specific demographic characteristics. The three categories of restricted funds are identified on the following page.

Other Funds
The District receives a small portion of its revenue from self-supporting programs, such as contract education; enterprise accounts, such as the bookstore and foodservices; and fees collected by the Associated Student Body or the gate receipts of theatre, music, and athletic events.
## SOURCES OF REVENUE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unrestricted General Funds</th>
<th>Restricted Funds</th>
<th>Other Funds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. State apportionment based on earned FTES (93% of total revenue in 2013 – 2014 adopted budget)</td>
<td>1. Programs with state and federal restrictions, such as health services, parking, veterans’ services, and financial aid administrative allowances</td>
<td>1. Self-supporting programs such as tuition-based courses, materials fees, and other contractual agreements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Miscellaneous income, such as non-resident tuition, interest earned, and grant administrative fees (7% of total revenue in 2013 – 2014 adopted budget)</td>
<td>2. Restricted programs such as EOPS, DSPS, Matriculation, Basic Skills, VTEA, and numerous other federal, state, and local grants and contracts</td>
<td>2. Bookstore and foodservice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Other restricted funds such as restricted lottery and instructional equipment allocations</td>
<td>3. Fees collected by the Associated Student Body</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4. Event tickets</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


EXPENDITURES

From Unrestricted General Funds
Unrestricted general funds are allocated to pay for costs related to fulfilling District mission.

There are three categories of expenditures that are paid from the unrestricted general fund:

1. Non-discretionary base: These are the District’s most basic required costs. The largest amount of the unrestricted general fund, 82% of the total unrestricted general fund in the 2013-2014 adopted budget, is expended for the salary and benefits of the District’s permanent employees as governed by the Master Agreements.

2. Discretionary base: These are also basic costs within the District. Although still part of the District’s base budget, there is more flexibility in the amounts budgeted in each of these categories.

3. Above-base funding: Each year the Board of Trustees establishes an amount of funding to pay for expenses emanating from the District’s Master Plan, Strategic Plan, and Institutional Program Reviews. It is through this mechanism that the District provides fiscal support for its planning and program review processes.

From Restricted Funds
Restricted funds are expended only for the purposes outlined in the corresponding federal or state law, code, or regulation. These funds are distributed to the appropriate Service Area and all expenditures from these funds are monitored by Fiscal Services to ensure that those expenditures comply with the federal or state law, code, or regulation.

From Other Funds
Revenue from funds in this category may be expended for costs related to fulfilling the District mission. The revenue may remain in the budget of the District entity that generated the funds, such as proceeds from materials fees remain with the instructional unit that imposed the fees. A second option is that all or a portion of the revenue may be allocated to a unit other than the entity that generated the funds. For example, each year a Co-curricular Fund is established by combining fees collected by the Associated Student Body and some Bookstore proceeds. The Co-curricular Fund is allocated based on proposals that may be submitted by any unit (department/division) within the District, such as a request from an athletic team for new sports equipment or uniforms.
## EXPENDITURES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>From Unrestricted General Funds</th>
<th>From Restricted Funds</th>
<th>From Other Funds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Funds that can be used for any purpose related to the District mission.</td>
<td>Funds that can be used only for the specific purposes defined in federal or state laws, codes, and regulations.</td>
<td>Revenue in the “from other funds” category may:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non-discretionary base: required costs such as:</strong></td>
<td>Restricted funds are distributed directly to the appropriate Service Area.</td>
<td>• Remain with the District entity that generated that revenue or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Salary and benefits for permanent personnel (full-time faculty, staff, and administrators) except specially-funded positions</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Be allocated to the unrestricted general fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Retiree benefits</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Board restricted reserves and special allocations, such as the amount of above-base funding</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Utilities (gas, electric, etc.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Insurance (liability, property, and students)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Legal and auditing fees</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. District-wide memberships and licenses, such as accreditation and athletic conferences</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Contracts and leases</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Discretionary base: costs such as:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Temporary personnel</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Materials</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Supplies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Equipment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Travel</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Contract services</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Program-specific subscriptions and memberships</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Above-base funding:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prioritized by the Budget Committee and recommended to the District Governance Senate</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
BASE BUDGET DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

The District relies on the following major principles to guide the budget development process:

1. Balance ongoing expenditures with ongoing revenues,
2. Maintain a minimum 6% reserve for economic uncertainties, and
3. Fund all expenditures in the non-discretionary base, such as contractual obligations.

Funding for the reserve and the non-discretionary base are included in the District budget as “off the top” costs and are not available to be allocated to one of the District’s four Service Areas:

1. Academic Services
2. Administrative Services
3. Student Services
4. Superintendent/President’s Office

As noted on the “Timeline and Process for Base Budget Development,” the budget development process begins in January. In its allocation of resources to the four Service Areas, the District uses an incremental approach to the budget development process.

- Step 1: The basic allocation for each Service Area is based on that Service Area’s prior year budget.
- Step 2: Carry-over funds from the prior year are generally added to the basic allocation unless Senior Administration determines that the funds be used for other purposes due to a projected decrease in revenue or unanticipated District-wide expenses.
- Step 3: This basic allocation may also be adjusted based on a projection of how much FTES the District anticipates earning in the coming year based in part on the District’s workload capacity set by the state.
- Step 4: This basic allocation may also be adjusted based on decisions about (1) requests from Service Areas for base budget augmentations and/or (2) staffing requests. Administrative Procedures 3262 and 3263 outline the process for granting base budget augmentations and new or replacement faculty positions. The Senior Management Team determines the process for granting new or replacement classified and administrative positions.

Adjustments may continue to be made to Service Area budgets throughout the spring and summer as new information is available from state. The final budget is presented to the Board of Trustees for adoption in September of each year.
## TIMELINE AND PROCESS FOR BASE BUDGET DEVELOPMENT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Month Range</th>
<th>Event Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January 2014 and each year thereafter</td>
<td>Board of Trustees reviews the Governor’s January Budget and establishes Board priorities aligned with the District’s Institutional Objectives in the Strategic Plan for the coming fiscal year. District Governance Senate reviews the District Goals in the Master Plan, and District Objectives documented in the Strategic Plan. Fiscal Administrators draft budget assumptions to reflect District Objectives external realities, such as the level of state apportionment, and forward the budget assumptions to the Budget Committee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February – May 2014 and each year thereafter</td>
<td>On a monthly cycle, the Budget Committee:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Reviews and revises the budget assumptions as warranted based on new information;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Updates the District Governance Senate on the status of the budget assumptions for the next fiscal year; and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fiscal Services builds a tentative budget and provides the District’s area managers with tentative allocations for the coming fiscal year.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Vice President of Administrative Services schedules annual meetings at each campus during the spring budget development period to communicate the District’s anticipated budget for the ensuing year.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>June 2014 and each year thereafter</td>
<td>The Vice President of Administrative Services presents the tentative budget to the Board of Trustees for approval. The presentation includes links between the resource allocations and the District Goals and District Objectives.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July – August 2014 and each year thereafter</td>
<td>The Superintendent/President, Vice President of Administrative Services, and Dean of Fiscal Services adjust the proposed budget assumptions and the tentative budget as needed based on changes in the state budget.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fiscal administrators analyze year-end results and incorporate these results into local planning processes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 2014 and each year thereafter</td>
<td>The Superintendent/President presents the final budget and the <em>College of the Sequoias Annual Report on the Master Plan</em> to the Board of Trustees. Both presentations include a description of the relationship between resource allocations and the District Goals.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Board of Trustees approves the final budget.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ABOVE-BASE RESOURCE ALLOCATION PROCESS

The Board of Trustees determines the amount of Above-Base Funds available for a fiscal year. Above-Base Funds are divided into four categories:

1. Instructional equipment
2. Non-instructional equipment
3. Facilities
4. Technology

The process for allocating Above-Base Funds is described below and summarized in the chart that follows the description.

Step 1
Requests for Above-Base Funds may be generated in one of two ways:

- Units (division/department) may request Above-Base Funds through Institutional Program Review (Step 1A) or
- Units designated as a responsible party for a District Objective may request resources if funding is needed for the achievement of that District Objective (Step 1B). The Institutional Program Review process will be revised in 2014. In the revised process, responsible parties will request resources needed for a District Objective through Institutional Program Reviews and Step 1B will be eliminated.

Step 2
Divisions and/or Deans review the requests for Above-Base Funds in the program reviews and collaborate with faculty and staff to identify funds within the department, program, or division to fulfill the request. Any funding requests that cannot be fulfilled at the unit level are prioritized at the division level. A prioritized list is created for each of four categories (Instructional equipment, Non-instructional equipment, Facilities, and Technology) and these are forwarded to the appropriate Service Area administrator (Vice President of Academic Services, Administrative Services, or Student Services, or the Superintendent/President).
Step 3
Service Area administrators lead a review of the division’s prioritized lists of requests for Above-Base Funds and collaborate with managers, faculty and staff to identify funds within the department, program, or division to fulfill the request. All remaining funding requests are prioritized at the Service Area level. The four Service Area prioritized lists (Instructional equipment, Non-instructional equipment, Facilities, and Technology) are forwarded to the Budget Committee.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Above-Base resource requests are prioritized within the Service Area. Those prioritized lists are sent to the Budget Committee for District-wide prioritization.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Instructional Council</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Step 4
The Budget Committee receives the four lists of Service Area prioritized resource requests and forwards the technology requests to the Technology Committee and the facilities requests to the Facilities Council. These committees review the funding requests and conduct technical and feasibility assessments, consolidating requests where possible.

| The Budget Committee requests technical and feasibility assessments of requests for technology and facilities. |

Step 5
With consideration of the Service Areas’ prioritized lists and the Technology Committee’s and Facilities Council’s technical and feasibility assessments, the Budget Committee prepares four final lists of institutional priorities using the Resource Request Rubric included in this document. This rubric weighs the resource requests in each of the four categories based on the extent to which they are justified by:

- Institutional Program Review and alignment with District Objectives;
- Breadth of impact;
- Potential impact on student success;
- Measurable outcomes; and
- Rank on the Service Area prioritized lists.

The Budget Committee finalizes the lists of institutional priorities and forwards the information to the District Governance Senate.
Step 6
The District Governance Senate reviews and discusses the lists of institutional priorities and identifies items that should or could be funded through the available resources, such as grants, COS Foundation, and other partnerships. The District Governance Senate then prioritizes the four lists for Above-Base Funds and recommends priorities to the Superintendent/President.

Step 7
The Superintendent/President reviews the list(s) of institutional priorities for Above-Base Funds recommended by the District Governance Senate with Senior Management. Following this dialogue, the Superintendent/President prepares the final list of institutional priorities as a report to the Board of Trustees. The report to the Board of Trustees includes an explanation of how the items on the prioritized list are justified based upon the link between the item to be purchased/funded and the solution of an issue identified in an Institutional Program Review or the link between the item to be purchased and a District Objective.

Through this process, the Above-Base Resource Allocation Process links financial planning to the District mission and integrates resource allocation with other processes in the District’s cycle of integrated planning. When the process is completed, Administrative Services will create the budgets for the approved Above-Base Funds, and the Vice Presidents and Superintendent/President (Service Area Administrators) will oversee the expenditures of the budgets.
STEP 1A
Units (departments/divisions) evaluate their existing on-going budgets as well as Above-Base resources through Institutional Program Review.

STEP 1B
Parties responsible for implementing a District Objective may request Above-Base resources if needed to accomplish the District Objective.

STEP 2
Divisions review funding requests, identify funds if possible, prioritize funding requests, and forward priorities to Service Area administrator.

STEP 3
Above-Base resource requests are prioritized within the Service Area. Those prioritized lists are sent to the Budget Committee for District-wide prioritization.

STEP 4
The Budget Committee requests technical and feasibility assessments of requests for technology and facilities.

STEP 5
Budget Committee uses a rubric to prioritize the Above-Base resource requests and forwards the prioritized lists to District Governance Senate.

STEP 6
District Governance Senate reviews the prioritized lists and makes recommendation to Superintendent/President.

STEP 7
Superintendent/President reviews the prioritized list(s), prepares the final recommendation for Above-Base resources, and presents the final report to the Board of Trustees.

By October 31

By November 30

By January 15

By February 15

By March 15
### COLLEGE OF THE SEQUOIAS BUDGET COMMITTEE
**RUBRIC FOR RANKING ABOVE-BASE FUNDING RESOURCE REQUESTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Criteria</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Funding request is justified by Institutional Program Review and is aligned with Institutional Objectives as stated in the Strategic Plan.</td>
<td>Demonstrates significant need from Institutional Program Review and clearly links to Institutional Objectives.</td>
<td>Demonstrates moderate need from Institutional Program Review.</td>
<td>Demonstrates minimal need from Institutional Program Review.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funding request is of benefit to the department and/or institution.</td>
<td>Demonstrates significant benefit to multiple departments and institution.</td>
<td>Demonstrates moderate benefit to some departments.</td>
<td>Demonstrates minimal benefit to a specific department.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funding request has potential to improve student success.</td>
<td>Significantly addressed student needs and identifies effective practices.</td>
<td>Moderately addresses student needs.</td>
<td>Addresses minimal impact on student needs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funding request has measurable outcomes and includes assessment.</td>
<td>Demonstrates clear and complete plans to accomplish measurable outcomes; collection of data and assessment.</td>
<td>Plans to accomplish measurable outcomes are incomplete or unclear.</td>
<td>Demonstrates 1-2 steps but without measurable outcomes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funding request has been ranked by Service Area.</td>
<td>Demonstrates a high ranking in the top 3 by specific Service Area.</td>
<td>Demonstrates a middle ranking by specific Service Area.</td>
<td>Demonstrates a low ranking by specific Service Area.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
LINKS BETWEEN RESOURCE ALLOCATIONS AND PLANNING

In the District’s cycle of integrated planning, resources are allocated based on rationales that tie the request to either an Institutional Program Review or to District Objectives. Funding requests in Institutional Program Reviews are required to be related to the measurement of a student learning outcome, a service area outcome, or to a District Objective. The District Objectives in the Strategic Plan are derived from the District Goals, which in turn are based on the District mission.

The three processes that link resource allocations to Institutional Program Review and District Objectives are:

1. **Development of Budget Assumptions**
   The budget development process reinforces the link between institutional planning and resource allocations through the budget assumptions. In early spring the Budget Committee drafts budget assumptions, reviews those draft assumptions with District Governance Senate, and modifies the assumptions as needed throughout the spring so that these reflect District Objectives as well as the impact of external decisions, such as the level of state apportionment.

2. **Evaluation of Discretionary Base Budget Requests**
   During the budget development process a unit (department/division) may elect to re-allocate funds from one budget category to another within the unit’s discretionary base budget. The unit area manager request will include a justification based on how this budget shift will support the unit’s ability to address an issue identified in its Institutional Program Review and/or contribute to achievement of a District Objective. The unit area manager will meet with fiscal services administration to implement the movement of funds. A summary report of re-allocated base budget funds will be presented to the Budget Committee annually.

3. **Evaluation of Above-Base Funding Requests**
   Requests for Above-Base Funds may be justified by an issue identified in an Institutional Program Review or justified as necessary for the achievement of a District Objective. These justifications are considered at all levels in the process of prioritizing requests for Above-Base Funds and are included in the final recommendation presented to the Board of Trustees.
EFFECTIVENESS OF RESOURCE ALLOCATIONS

To meet the Accreditation Standard III.D.4., the District systematically assesses the effective use of financial resources and uses the results of the evaluation as a basis for improvement. This evaluation and assessment is multi-faceted and includes three processes.

1. **Report on Impact of Prior Year Above-Base Funding**
   The effectiveness of prior year’s resource allocation of Above-Base Funds will be documented in the Institutional Program Review process beginning in fall 2014. Units will be asked to summarize the programmatic impact of the prior year’s Above-Base Funds, citing how the resources improved their effectiveness in serving students or moved the District toward achieving a District Objective.

2. **Annual Report on the Master Plan**
   This annual report:
   
   - Summarizes progress on District Objectives,
   - Analyzes whether that progress was effective in moving the District toward achievement of District Goals, and
   - Identifies the District Objectives that will be the basis for resource allocations in the coming year.

   In these ways, this document is, in essence, a report on the District’s effective use of its resources.

3. **Institutional Program Review**
   As part of Institutional Program Review, the assessments of student learning outcomes and service area outcomes are annually assessed, documented in the District’s software management system, and are evaluated as part of the subsequent year’s Institutional Program Review. Since the measurement of these outcomes reflects how the District expends its human and fiscal resources, improvements in these outcomes demonstrate the District’s effective use of its resources.
EVALUATION OF RESOURCE ALLOCATION PROCESSES

The District uses two processes to comply with Accreditation Standard I.B.6. in the effectiveness of ongoing planning and resource allocation processes.

1. **Annual Process Review by Budget Committee**
   In January of each year, the Budget Committee evaluates the resource allocation and budgeting processes and prepares a report for the District Governance Senate. This assessment is based on feedback from those participating in resource allocation requests, the Budget committee themselves as well as the committee members’ reflections. The results of this annual process review may be the basis for improving the processes for the subsequent year. The Vice President of Administrative Services will present any resulting changes to the processes during annual budget forums presented at all District sites.

2. **Formal Assessment of Planning and Decision-making Processes**
   The District Governance Senate will conduct a formal assessment of planning and decision-making processes every three years beginning in spring 2015. After gathering feedback district-wide, the District Governance Senate will summarize that feedback in an assessment report. This report may include recommended revisions to one or more of the components in the District’s model of integrated planning and/or decision-making processes. All approved revisions will be documented with revisions to one or both of these documents: *College of the Sequoias Integrated Planning Manual* and *College of the Sequoias Governance and Decision-Making Manual*. 
BUDGET COMMITTEE

The function of the Budget Committee is to make recommendations regarding policies, planning, and other matters related to the District’s fiscal resources. The co-chairs forward recommendations from this governance group to the District Governance Senate. After consideration of input from the District Governance Senate, and other recommendations, the Superintendent/President makes the final recommendations that are either implemented or submitted to the Board of Trustees for approval.

Purpose
- Make recommendations to District Governance Senate on policies, planning and other matters related to fiscal resources
- Review and revise budget assumptions that guide budget development
- Monitor the District’s fiscal solvency
- Review the draft budget in its developmental stages
- Oversee, evaluate and assess the budget development process including making recommendations for Above-Base Funds and the District’s Faculty Obligation Number
- Provide budget analysis to the District Governance Senate
- Develop and maintain a process for ensuring that resource allocations are linked to district planning
- Review and discuss implementation of policies related to fiscal resources
- Serve as a forum for dialogue on ongoing fiscal activities, such as monthly and quarterly reports
- Review and share information on the state budget
- Conduct annual assessment of its own processes

Membership
- Administrative co-chair appointed by superintendent/president or his designee
- Faculty or staff co-chair elected from among members
- Vice-President of Administrative Services
- Three administrators appointed by the superintendent/president or his/her designee
- Four full-time faculty appointed by Academic Senate
- One adjunct faculty appointed by the adjunct faculty
- Two classified employees appointed by the classified employees
- One confidential employee appointed by the superintendent/president or his/her designee
- Two student representatives appointed by the Student Senate
- Non-voting member: Dean of Fiscal Services or designee
BOARD POLICIES AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES RELATED TO RESOURCE ALLOCATIONS

Board Policy 6200 Budget Preparation

   Administrative Procedure 6200 Budget Preparation

Board Policy 6250 Budget Preparation

   Administrative Procedure 6250 Budget Management

Board Policy 6300 Fiscal Management

   Administrative Procedure 6300 Fiscal Management

Board Policy 6400 Audits

   Administrative Procedure 6400 Audits

Board Policy 3260 Program Review

   Administrative Procedure 3261 Requests for Personnel, Budget Augmentations, Facilities, and/or Equipment

   Administrative Procedure 3262 Selecting and Ranking Faculty

   Administrative Procedure 3263 Submitting and Ranking Tenure Track Student Services Instructional and Non-instructional Faculty Vacancies